AUCH

UNIVERSITY

Board of Trustees Approve Tuition Rise, Deficit Budget

The Board of Trustees adopted a will be increased from \$88 to \$92. \$50.9 million general operating budget for the 1974-75 fiscal year, approving a deficit of \$318,000 and a tuition increase of \$75 for next

The board, meeting for an hour and a half Thursday, approved the budget proposal with no major objections after the board's Finance Committee recommended it be accepted.

The adopted budget includes projections through 1978 that estimate increasing tuition and a leveling off of deficit budgeting by

Despite its lack of objection, "the board is concerned about the deficit situation, just as all of us are," said Director of Planning and Budgeting William D. Johnson after the meeting. It is the first deficit budget for GW in more than 20 years.

The tuition increases, which by 1977 will push the price of a full-time undergraduate year up to \$2800, will end the need for a deficit if the projections are correct.

The tuition increases will be necessary unless the present decline in full-time undergraduate enrollment makes an upward swing. according to Johnson. But enrollment, which is largely responsible for the budget problems, is projected to drop 200 students in 1974-75, and 150 for the next three years, Johnson said.

full-time undergraduate program will increase from \$1175 to \$1212.50 a semester and semester hours will increase from \$86 to \$90.

The School of Engineering tuition will increase from \$1200 to \$1250 and a semester hour for that school

The National Law Center tuition will rise from \$1175 to \$1212.50 and a semester hour from \$88 to \$92.

A degree of Doctor of Juridicial Science will now cost \$2525 and tuition for the Medical School will be increased from \$3000 to \$3200 a

For graduate study in the School of Arts and Sciences, in the School of Education, the School of Public and International Affairs, the School of Government and Business Administration, and for graduate and undergraduate study in the Division of University Students, semester hour costs will increase from \$86 to \$90.

The cost of summer session courses will increase from \$86 to \$90, and the cost of courses in the College of General Studies will rise from \$63 to \$67.

The Center fee will be increased from \$37.50 to \$43 for full-time students and from \$3.50 to \$4 per semester hour for part-time students.

The board also approved "in principle" projected tuition increases for full-time students of \$75 in 1975-76, \$100 in 1976-77, and 200

The deficit of \$318,000 for 1974-75 is expected to rise to almost \$500,000 the following year, then decrease to \$194,000 in 1976-77. and disappear by 1978.

In the new budget, student fees, Next year's tuition for the which include not only tuition but all fees paid by the student, account for \$28.5 million income or 67 per cent of all income.

> Investment income is \$285,000 and unrestricted gifts bring in \$300,000. Overhead recovery accounts for \$8.5 million of income.

Auxiliary enterprises brings in \$10.8 million and student activities and other sources account for the rest of the income.

Of the \$50.8 million, \$18.3 million will be spent on instruction. Six and a half million dollars goes to administration and \$8.5 million goes back into sponsored research. Almost \$10 million goes to auxiliary

(See BUDGET, p. 3)



Vanderbilt University Chancellor Alexander Heard, chairman of the board of the Ford Foundation, speaks at the 10th anniversary Consortium dinner.[photo by Jeff Fitting]

Tenth Anniversary of Consortium Marred by Fears of Service Fee

Hatchet Staff Writer

Members of the Consortium of Universities of the Washington Metropolitan Area expressed concern about the effects of a recently proposed tax structure for the District at their 10th anniversary dinner Thursday night at the International Club, 1800 K St. NW.

The new tax would include a tax on all non-profit organizations that eannot prove themselves to be community service-oriented.

The tax bill is being drafted by the Subcommittee on Revenue and Financial Affairs of the House Committee on the District of Columbia.

Home rule legislation sections off

all federally-controlled property into a non-taxable enclave. The subcommittee has been drafting tax legislation to make up for the chunk of non-taxable federal property.

This revision of the real property tax structure includes taxation of non-profit organizations not serving their local communities.

The proposed bill would levy fees for services" on colleges and universities as well as churches, hospitals, private libraries, mu-seums, galleries and cemeteries. "By whatever name it is called," said Father John P. Whalen, executive director of the Consortium, "this 'fee for services' is taxation of presently tax-exempt organiations.

The consortium, covering as

GW Defeats Virginia p.9

Inside ...

Dylan Review in Arts Supplement p.5 Rent Control Hearings p.3

Housing Discrimination Laws Not Enforced

by Mark Lactor Hatchet Staff Writer

(Ed. Note: This is the first in a series of articles dealing with the D.C. City Council's new law prohibiting student discrimination in housing.)

Despite the November passage by the D.C. City Council of a law prohibiting housing discrimination against students, specific guidelines of enforcement have yet to be set up, and many apartment buildings continue to turn away college students seeking a place to live.

In a survey of 20 apartment houses throughout the Washington area, the Hatchet found eight to be in violation of the new housing law

Several establishments refused to explain why their policy was to reject students while others required that residents be over 21 to sign a lease, which is now illegal under Article 34 of the

The Office of Human Rights (OHR), assuming full responsibility for the investigation and prosecution of violators, has been trying to set up guidelines for the new law since its passage in November with little success.

"We tell students who have problems that the policy has not yet been fully interpreted," said Jesse Roberts, associate director for enforcement of OHR. "So far, we have forwarded all housing cases to the legal department to see if we have jurisdiction."

Douglas Jimmink, assistant resident manager of the Melbourne House, 1315 16th St., N.W., was skeptical about the new law. "It doesn't

mean a damn thing. I'm not naive enough to think that the law will change anything. Landlords can always come up with some excuse for not renting to students.'

One of the eight buildings to turn away students was the Potomac Park Apartments, 510 21st. St., N.W., just two blocks from the GW campus. "We don't rent to students," said the manager on duty. "We used to rent to them but they turned the place upside down and disturbed the other tenants." When asked about the new housing law, she replied, "well, we have a long waiting list.'

At the General Scott Apartments, 1 Scott Circle, N.W., the receptionist at first said the management does not rent to students. After being informed that the refusal to rent to students was ruled discriminatory, she replied,

One landlady said she hated students but rented to them anyway and the management at the Columbia Plaza Apartment complex insisted that all people sharing an apartment be related

The management at the Pall Mall Apartments, 1112 16th St., N.W., also seemed unaware of the housing law.

During a phone conversation, the question of renting an apartment to someone under 21 was

"Are you under 21," said the manager.
"Yes."

"We can't take you."

"Why not."

"The legal age for signing a lease is 21." "I thought the legal age was lowered to 18."

"That's that legal age, not the age in which ou can sign a lease," said the manager. "We found that students are very unreliable. They stay for only three or four months at a time, then drop out of school or leave their jobs. You must have a co-signer over 21."

She went on to say that a co-signer was needed even if the student is financially independent.

The president of Calomeris Reality, handling rentals for the Pall Mall Apartments could not be reached to comment on the new housing law.

The age in which a person may sign a lease has become a questionable point. Although the law specifically prohibits a person to be discriminated against due to age (with a limit set at 18), OHK Enforcement Director "technically, the legal age is 21, although the issue is being debated in the Corporation Counsel."

D.C. PIRG member John Donohue was totally surprised by Roberts' view and insisted that the legal age for signing a lease is 18. "I think one of the problems is that the law is new and they (OHR) are still in the process of judging it," Donohue explained.

PIRG is planning to survey a number of apartments in the Washington area this week

(See DISCRIMINATION, p. 2)

tions, while serving a student community, from all over the country, is expected to oppose the passage of this legislation vehemently, a consortium spokesman

Representatives of consortium institutions testified at hearings held on Dec. 20.

A bill that would aid the consortium is now being readied for introduction to Congress. The Uniform Management of Institu-tional Funds Act would allow non-profit organizations to invest their endowments and grants in high-yield, long-term projects.

Presently, these insitutions have been limited by wide-range trust practices to short-term, low-yield investments, with returns of a low cash value.

The Consortium Executive Committee is presently seeking a sponsor for the act, which is expected to be brought before Congress early in the second session

Trustees of the consortium, the member schools, and figures from government, public service organizations, foundations, and other agencies were present at the anniversary dinner.

Dr. Alexander Heard, chancellor of Vanderbilt University, was the leatured speaker. Heard is chair-man of the board of the Ford Foundation.

Dr. Heard voiced hope for expansion and widespread diversification of university centers such as the consortium, and lauded the local program for its progress in 10 years.

He said that this particular co-operative program, located in the heart of the country's political activity, must set an example for the rest of the nation's higher-education institution.

The consortium began operation in 1964, with GW, American, Catholic, Georgetown, and Howard universities uniting their graduate programs by allowing graduate students to enroll in courses at other campuses

In 1971, cooperation was extended to the undergraduate level, and the three accredited undergraduate colleges in the area, Galludet, Trinity and D.C. Teachers, were granted associate memberships.

Coalition Battles for AUA

by Linda Moody Asst. News Editor

(Ed. Note: This is the eighth in a continuing series on the AUA and the personalities involved.)

Ron Rogers, coordinator of the Coalition for the All University Assembly (AUA), discussed the principal problem his group faces, saying, "The burden of proof is on us; we have to prove that students are interested in the AUA.

students and allege that we wan a separate student government,"
Rogers continued. "The many students I've talked to say 'no' to the Faculty Assembly instead of to the Faculty Senate, since the former the Faculty Senate, since the former than the same transfer of the faculty Senate, since the former than the same transfer of the faculty Senate, since the former than the same transfer of the same transfer o separate student government be body is more representative of the cause it would be powerless in opinions of all the faculty. important matters."

stated, "We should not be fooled."

student organizations asking them, was prepared for students and to join in supporting the proposal as others to sign. written and to participate in activities to educate students about the AUA, according to Rogers.

Although many prominent campus leaders have joined the organization, Rogers says the group does and send the results to OHR. In an attempt to clear up some of not want to become identified as an Donohue feels the main problem so the law's provisions. OHR has elite group, and encourages all students to join. "I was chosen to be coordinator because I'm not a campus. The Office of Human campus leader," he said.

Rogers commented that he underposters in every apartment lobby but stands from reluctance to lose they will be very reluctant to do it," power that was obtained through said Donohue, who requested that years of work in the Faculty Senate, but he emphasized, "We're really not trying to take power away from housing call the GW PIRG office at the Faculty Senate; we just want to 676-7388.

make it more realistic by including the input of students, staff, and alumni."

The coalition met Wednesday to plan activities and agreed to provide discussion leaders for dorms who have requested them and to contact the sororities, who vote this week on the issue, to see if they would be interested in setting up discussion sessions as well.

Rogers said the group also planned to lobby professors on a "President Elliott and a few planned to lobby professors on a others have seen fit to speak for one-to-one basis for support. He

The coalition also agreed to Rogers called the proposal for encourage members of the Univer-student government a "tactic" and sity community to write letters of support for the AUA to President The coalition has sent letters to all Elliott, and a mimeographed letter

letter were made available at tables set up in the Center on Friday night. Rogers said 30 people signed letters while 40 more signed a petition for AUA which was also at the table.

Rogers said coalition members have volunteered to man tables throughout the week, beginning this afternoon, in and around the Center. Each table will contain copies of the letter, a copy of the petition, and information about the UA proposal.

Rogers complained that "copies of the report aren't as readily available as they should be," although President Elliott promised to make copies widely available to the University community.

The coalition is also concerned about the possibility that the final voting on the proposal will be during an exam period, over the summer, or at some other time when students will be at a disadvantage to express themselves, according to Rogers.

Bowling Acting Chmn. Of Speech and Drama

by Ron Ostroff **Hatchet Staff Writer**

Associate Prof. of Speech and Hearing Dr. Lloyd S. Bowling was recently elected acting chairman of the GW speech and drama department by the full-time faculty members of the department to succeed the late Dr. George F.

He will serve as acting chairman until the election of a permanent chairman in February.

Bowling has taught full-time at GW since 1967 in the department's graduate program in audiology. For the two previous years, he taught part-time at GW.

Prior to joining the GW faculty, he served as associate chief of audiology and speech pathology for the Veterans Administration Hospital in Washington.

Bowling described the speech and drama department as "very differ-

ent" since it is divided into four sections: drama, radio and television, communication and debate, and speech pathology and audiology.

"The chairman of the department," he said, "must administer to the needs of all four sections.'

He said he seriously doubted whether "there is a man alive who has an expertise in all four areas." Speech and drama department chairmen usually can only have experience in one or two areas, he

While prior chairmen have had an expertise in drama, communications, and debate. Bowling is the first chairman with a speciality in speech pathology and audiology.

In a move to improve the operation of the department, Bowling has set up a committee of four tenured faculty members to advise him in each of the four areas. "Before I make any other plans to improve anything," he said, "I really have to find out what the rest of the department looks like."



Dr. Lloyd S. Bowling

WRGW, GW's radio station, operating under the auspices of the speech and drama department, was described by Bowling as "a place where students can learn about radio production and act as a main source of student information. in the legislative process to pass serving a function somewhat like

I want to have more direct knowledge of WRGW." Bowling said, "and the station executive board seems most anxious to let me know what is going on. As of now, I really don't know much about WRGW," said Bowling, "but I want to learn."

In addition to serving as acting chairman, Bowling teaches a graduate course in audiology.

"I don't want to leave the classroom," said Bowling. "I want to continue to teach. isn't that what we're here for?" If he leaves the classroom, he continued, "then there goes my contact with the students, and there goes the profession for which I am trained. I don't mind doing administrative work, but not to the exclusion of my teaching."



College Young **Democrats**

-Meeting-9:00 p.m. Wed., Jan. 23 Center 415

DISCRIMINATION, from p.1

far has been publicity.

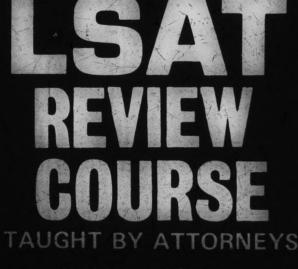
"We just put up posters around Rights has the power to put these any student who feels he has been discriminated against in relation to invited the Washington Board of Realtors to their deliberations.

However, no student group was asked to join these sessions and American University Student President Brian Foss displayed his annoyance over the situation. Foss was quite influential in the bill's

Legislation has not really been implemented in terms of the regulatory codes. Our attorney (Gladys Ressler) is currently working on this," commented Foss.

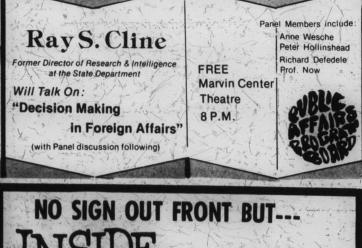
In a letter the James Baldwin. executive director of OHR, Ressler questioned the way Article 34 has been taking shape. "In a law of this kind, with broad substantive provisions and a good deal of room for administrative discretion, the question [of how it is to be enforced] is crucial. To date, I am somewhat disturbed by what little I know of the enforcement efforts...

Ressler also said, "What I can't understand is why the A.U. Student Confederation which represented the city wide student confederation of all five universities in the District. and which was a major participant Article 34, has not even been that of the Hatcher." contacted."



OFFERING AN EXTENSIVE 20 HOUR REVIEW

Feb. Classes Begin Tue., Jan. 22



BEER 1523 22 Ad ST., N. W. . 293-1885 Look for the Red Canopy



Sidney A. Levy, an officer of Norman Bernstein Management, gives testimony at D.C. City Council rent control hearings. [photo by Bruce

City Council Hears PIRG **Testimony on Rent Control**

Hatchet Staff Writer

Members of the Public Interest Research Group (PIRG) supported the enactment of rent controls in their testimony at a D.C. City Council hearing on the matter last Friday. The City Council took no action at that time.

Jim Vitarello, executive director of PIRG, said, "Present increases in rent are not justified. Costs for the landlords have not gone up as much as rents.

PIRG has directed a study of rents in the Washington area for the past six months which shows that the present housing crisis has the effect of squeezing out the poor, decreasing maintenance, and promoting tenant insecurity.

PIRG says that rent controls vould stabilize rents, constructively channel landlord-tenant disputes, and protect the rights of the tenants.

The rent controls, once established by the City Council, would be enforced by a commission which would investigate all tenant

PIRG wants a bill which would establish a "fair rent range," allowing rents to rise only as costs to landlords rise. Such a bill would allow rent reductions when services are cut by landlords. According to Vitarello, "Just causes for eviction should be established to protect the tenants."

Vitarello complained about the lack of action taken by the City Council on a 1969 housing proposal

prepared by the City Council after a study of the problem. The proposal supported radical changes in the andlord-tenant relationship, although it did not mention the possibility of rent controls.

Robert Stumberg, board chair-man of PIRG, cited statistics showing that the poor in Washington pay more of their income for rent than the middle and upper classes

Stumberg also said, "Lower income people in this city in the past three years have paid higher rents than their counterparts in other cities across the nation, while middle and high income residents pay less than their counterparts. The poor in this city are getting a real bum steer."

According to PIRG, "The average increase in income was extremely low in comparison with the increase in inflation." According to statistics compiled by PIRG, there was an average rent increase of 11.3 per cent in 1972 and 1973.

There has also been a shortage of residences allowing landlords to increase rents without fear of losing tenants.

PIRG members spoke with over 4,000 tenants during the six month study and asked many of them if they would be willing to speak before the council. "Many of them said they were afraid to speak out for fear of retaliation by their landlords," said Vitarello.

Committee Debates Academic Dishonesty

by Christopher L. Atkins Hatchet Staff Writer

The Joint Committee of Faculty and Students attempted Friday to define academic dishonesty and improve methods of appointment to the Student Nominating Board, which is responsible for selection of committees involved in various aspects of the University.

There is a growing concern among several factions of the University about the lack of a definitive policy regarding academic dishonesty. The only readily accessible statement of the University's feelings on the matter is found in the undergraduate and graduate catalog.

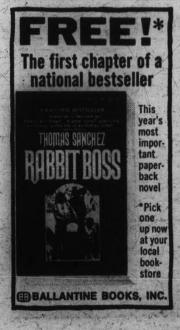
A short paragraph says that academic dishonesty will result in failure of the course and possible suspension. While a detailed list of

BUDGET, from p.1

enterprises, \$1.1 million is allocated to the Library, \$4.7 million goes to the physical plant, \$1.5 is allocated to student financial aid, and \$524,000 goes to student activities.

More than one million dollars will be spent on capital improvements.

Published semi-weekly from September to May, except for holidays and exam periods, by the students of The George Washington University at 800 21st Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20006. Editorial offices located at The Hatchet, 800 21st Street, N.W., Suite 433, Washington, D.C. 20006. Subscription price \$6.00 per year. Second class postage paid at Washington, D.C.



possible punishments is offered, there is no actual definition of 'academic dishonesty," Students and faculty are left to interpret the policy as they see fit.

Several months ago, the committee appointed a subcommittee to look into the problem. They have sampled students and faculty in an effort to define "academic dishonesty," and to see how various departments have handled the problem in the past.

Much of the problem stems from the practice requiring students to supply their own blue books. Several of the Nominating Board would be alternatives, such as University distribution of blue books or examination of blue books prior to Joint Committee. testing were suggested.

David G. Speck, director of student activities and a member of the committee, said he feels a serious problem exists. Less time should be spent worrying about the semantics of the policy and more given to actually defining all types of academic fraud, he said

The committee also discussed methods of appointment to the Student Nominating Board. Jerry Nadler, student head of the subcommittee proposed that membership in these committes be open to any qualified students. Members appointed by a special student-faculty committee appointed by the

In previous years, one member,

often the president from each of the various organizations and honor societies, was appointed to the Nominating Board. Then, said Smith, "the members of the board would appoint their friends to the committees."

In other business, President Lloyd H. Elliott, who has asked over 100 campus organizations to consider the AUA proposal, invited the committee to review the findings, decide where the sympathies of the students and faculty lie, and propose further action. The committee voted to accept Elliott's offer.

You are cordially invited to participate in

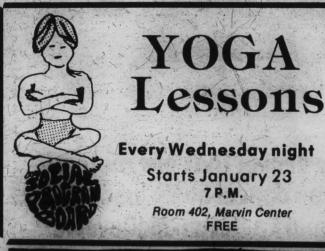
NATIONAL MARCH FOR LIFE

at the United States Capitol-west front side. Tuesday- January 22, 1974, 2 PM to demonstrate support for a

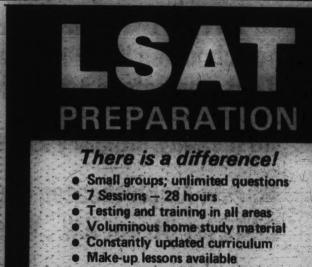
HUMAN LIFE

Amendment to the Constitution

Information: 530-1612 "If you care, you'll be there"







The only metropolitan area course offering all these features

REGISTER NOW FOR APRIL LSAT



This man has a revolutionary idea that can change the face of America and stop Agnew-Eagleton tragedies forever. His name is Stanley Arnold.



In 1972, he traveled the nation warning that our method for choosing Vice Presidents was dangerously inadequate. That was before Agnew-Nixon and Eagleton-McGovern.

On Tuesday, January 22, at 8 P.M., he tells how his idea works.

Marvin Amphitheater, Marvin Center, George Washington University, 800 21st Street N.W., Washington, D.C.

Beer and discussion follow.

Free Admission-open to the public.

Sponsored by the Public Affairs Committee, GW Program Board, George Washington University.

interlud

Arts & Culture Supplement to the GW Hatchet

It was as good as it should have been, which is why nobody I know had ever seen one Jefferson Airplane, The Band uses its technical excellence to build a variety of music

When the master comes out of an eight year seclusion, he needs to prove he has all he ever had. Otherwise, he's not really the master artist anymore.

It's a harsh test. Indeed, there's no harsher spotlight than the one Mr. Dylan has been under during this tour, but then Mr. Dylan is not just your basic young American male who has made a pile in the music business. And not only has he withstood that spotlight,

he's getting a new glow.
You may say I'm gushing, but those two concerts in Largo last week were superb shows. Dylan sang a number of his best songs and The Band was hot. Robbie Robertson's guitar was strong, clear, inventive, complementing Dylan very well. Like the bygone above a loud, steady beat.

4. THE PLANT MANY A LANGE TO THE PARTY OF

Fortunately, The Band is not interested in loudness as such, and the one moment of quiet beauty was provided by their performance of Dylan's "I Shall Be Released." In all, The Band performed ten of its "own" numbers Tuesday night, while the star of the show was offstage. Unlike Dylan, who played nothing the same way as he has recorded it, The Band preserved the arrangements it has used in the studio.

The Band played two five-song sets by itself. Some people in the audience, who had not often played Band records, were surprised at how many of the songs they recognized as old friends. Rock fans know "Stage Fright," "The Night They Drove Old Dixie Down," "Rag Mama Rag," "The Shape I'm In" and "The Weight," but they don't necessarily associate them all with The Band.

Besides these blasts from the past, the group did "Loving You is Sweeter Than Eyer," an old rhythm 'n' blues hit. Wednesday night it performed only eight numbers.

Some listeners were distressed by Dylan's singing old folky numbers with a rock backup. One fan considered the electrification of "The Ballad of Hollis Brown" not only unexpected but disastrous. Well, this way the song was more powerful musically, and it was the music, not the lyrics, that was the song's weak side. Which way you like it really depends on

whether you prefer broadside ballads sung plain or dressed.

The band work was a definite asset on "I Don't Believe You," the cut on Another Side of Bob Dylan with the refrain "She acts like we never have met." That album has several fine songs, but it suffers from the primitiveness of the guitar work, a defect only partially offset by Dylan's

But "The Times They Are A-Changin'" was the song from his early years that drew the most response. Thousands of people were loudly happy that he had chosen it. Not only is it one of his most famous numbers, it's one of his "protest songs." It makes a lot of older fans remember the days of hopeful activism; it reassures them that Dylan is still on the right side. How could he sing that song if he really had deserted the revolution?

Ah, but his singing that song didn't prevent any grumbling (or rather shouting) about the political implications of Dylan's lyrics. For one thing, he cut a lot of the buoyant confidence out of the song by changing "The loser now will be later to win" to "The loser now might be later to win." Then, towards the end of the concert, he sang one of his new love songs, and it included the observation that he did not intend to "remake the world at large" or to "sound a battle-charge."

A few scattered hecklers regarded this as heresy, but that was to be expected. The encouraging thing was that there were only a few. Dylan's political purity or impurity is important only when you've developed some dogma or campaign and want Dylan to join up. He would probably be a rotten politician, and he wants to devote himself to his art.

Anyway, his art constantly expresses the deep humanist and anti-authoritarian convictions which I expect Dylan will always have, and plenty of radical inferences can be drawn from them.

Now that that's off my chest, I can get back to the concert. Besides enthusiastic appliance at beginning and end, "Times A-Changin" got a special ovation during the entire verse "Come senators, congressmen/Please heed the call... For he who gets hurt will be he who has stalled." Similarly, when Dylan played "It's Alright Ma (I'm Only Bleeding)" during his solo set, he was warmly thanked for laying particular stress on "even the president of the United States sometimes must have to stand naked."

Dylan played "Times A-Changin" right after "All Along the Watchtower." It surprised me, because I would never have thought of linking them. But the presentation of "Watchtower" was so powerful that its haunting images hung in the air during the next number and made the whole strange song so charged with significance that there no longer seemed any great difference between it and the explicitly political number. The personal crisis and the political crisis meshed. The songs became a complementary pair.

Dylan took to the piano for "Ballad of a Thin Man." Together with The Band, he produced one of the finest instrumentals of the night, the equal of the thunder-and-lightning version on Highway 61 Revisited. Altogether, there were five sets of five songs each. And suddenly it was time for "Like a Rolling Stone."

They began with guitar riffs, rather than with an explosive crash from the drums, but many people recognized the song at once and stood up. Then came Dylan, shouting out one of the most stirring rock songs ever written.

ONCE upon a time you dressed so fine!

The applause steadied itself into a constant, time-keeping beat. Then, as the band slid into the second chorus, one bank of the overhead lights was switched on. Sure it was staged, but that was fine. Get everyone into the celebration-light crew, beer vendors, everybody.

After they hit the third chorus, and the second set of lights came on, the noise of the clapping grew to an all-enveloping roar, bouncing back and forth inside the concrete immensity of the Capital Centre. The temporary metal bleachers vibrated. One participant felt she was "in the middle of a drum." When the last chorus came, the ovation continued in full light.

> How does it feel Oh, how does it feel To be on your own With no direction home Like a complete unknown Like a rolling stone?

After the final crash, we all had to keep roaring for an encore. With a show of reluctance, the lights were phased out. Several hundred people saluted the unseen singer with upraised matches. Finally Dylan and friends came bouncing back on stage and played "Most Likely You Go Your Way (And I'll Go Mine)" for the second time, and with even more energy than before.

Yes, it was a fine concert. Though even I will admit that the praise of Bob Dylan can go too far. One devotee I know attended both concerts, sitting back of the stage each time. "Were they good seats?" asked a friend. The fan was incredulous. "Good seats?" he repeated, aghast. "I was 35 feet from God."

—by Jon Higman

Dimock Gallery Offers More than Rain Shelter

by Chris Sjoholm

At first glance, the Dimock Gallery appears to be one of those places you drop in on only if it's pouring out and you want to keep dry. Sheltered in the lower level of Lisner Auditorium, the gallery has been overlooked by the majority of students at GW since its creation in 1967. But under the spirited guidance of Curator and Professor Emeritus Donald C. Kline, the gallery is undergoing an evolution in an attempt to foster student interest.

Beginning late last year with a critically praised exhibit highlighting the salon of the 19th Century which drew many of its displays from the University's permanent collection, the gallery has begun a concerned effort to bring the art heritage of GW to the student's attention.

To Lenore Miller, assistant to the curator, this year represents an attempt "to spotlight our collection, including the works of current and former students. We're here to serve as an educational tool for the GW community. It is our intention to bring good works of art to the

Miller cites as an example of the gallery's renewed efforts to encourage student participation the current show featuring 31 works by Rudolph Heintze, Heintze, a GW

combinations and visual effects in his sculptures and paintings. Miller explains that this exhibit is "a bit radical for the gallery." Heintze's sculpture is meant to be touched and toyed with. A tape recording that casts the artist in close contact with the viewer provides the exhibit with an intimacy and informality that is refreshing and welcome. Heintze's best known work is probably the sculpture which was commissioned for the University

Besides the current show, other programs in the future will include an Invitational Show, from February 6-28, which will provide a forum for the presentation of professional artists working in the Washington area who have been associated with

The show will include the works. of Leon Berkowitz, a painter with many past exhibits at the Corcoran gallery; Alfred McAdams, a figurative artist; Marcia Hopman, a fine lithographer who has studied and worked in Europe at the University of Stuttgart; John Sirica, the foremost printmaker in Washington and creator of the Printmakers Workshop; and Peter Nelson, a painter and recent M.F.A. graduate of GW.

Also planned for the coming months is the Kreeger Competition alumnus, utilizes striking color Show on March 20-30. This showing



Simultaneous Worlds, a sculpture of aluminum, resin, and plexiglas, is one of the works of Rudolph Heintze

currently on exhibition in the Dimock Gallery in Lower Lisner Auditorium. (photo by Cahan)

involves all the competition entries contains works by many alumni and the David Lloyd Kreeger prize winners of this year.

Outside of these normal functions, the gallery, under the auspices of the art department, often works in close conjunction with other area galleries such as Franz Bader's and the Smithsonian. It currently has on loan a painting to the Textile Museum and a portrait of William Corcoran at the Corcoran Gallery.

along with a fine assortment of silverware, china, and antique furniture donated by the grandson of Ulysses S. Grant, Major General Ulysses S. Grant III, former vice-president of the University.

Miller stresses that the University collection is available to any GW student for study and its use is encouraged.

So if it's raining hard outside Its extensive permanent collection someday and you're stuck for

shelter, consider running into the Dimock Gallery. You might find it interesting and perhaps even stimulating. You don't have to worry about fighting big crowds for a chance to view that favorite piece of sculpture or painting, and Miller and the art department welcome your criticism, comments or art work. It's your gallery for your enjoyment and, for that matter, you might just as well visit it on a sunny

Complex, Enigmatic Brain Salad Surgery

by Tim Owens

A time comes in the career of some rock groups when their material advances almost beyond the comprehension of their fans. Sgt. Pepper's was an album that was not immediately accepted by The Beatles' audience, but, nevertheless it became a classic. Through four albums Emerson, Lake, and Palmer have given their audience essentially the same type of material. Their latest album, Brain Salad Surgery, is a complex, somewhat enigmatic work that may leave some ELP fans behind.

The release of Brain Salad Surgery coincided with ELP's first American tour in 16 months. The album was originally scheduled for release last April, but was delayed while Robert Moog perfected a polyphonic synthesizer ensemble to add to Keith Emerson's already vast array of keyboards (13). The polyphonic allows Emerson to play chords, whereas other Moog Synthesizers can only play one note at a

The album opens quietly with Parry and Blake's hymn "Jeru-salem" re-arranged by ELP. Emerinto silence.

The silence is broken by a trumpet-like call from the synthesizer that is answered by Palmer's tympani. Thus begins "Toccata," an adaptation of Ginasteria's First Piano Concerto, First Movement arranged by Emerson with a percussion movement by Palmer. A very powerful piece, "Toccata" gives Palmer the opportunity to show off his new synthesized drum kit. While Emerson plays with demonic fury, Palmer pounds on bells, tympani, gongs, and his kit to build up a sense of terror that is far from absent on the whole album.

The intenseness of "Toccata" surrenders to the light soft guitar ballad of "Still You Turn Me On" written by Lake. This song is very much like "From the Beginning" from the Trilogy album. Emerson backs up Lake's 12 string guitar with harpsichord to give the song a very mellow feeling.

"Benny the Bouncer" continues in a lighter vein. It is a nonsensical drums. The last pitch to see the tune about a mean bully who is show echoes with a siren-like effect brought to a bloody end in a violent from the Moog. As the first fight. Emerson plays his polyphonic impression ends one wonders if the synthesizer throughout the song as high level of performance can be well as bar room piano while Lake maintained. sings in a Cockney voice.

technology. The piece consists of short-lived as it is, is quite effective. an amazingly talented trio.

The name, a play on the word carnival, evokes thoughts of battle cent of his playing with the Nice. and/or sexual perversion as in carnage or carnal. Brain Salad Surgery is ELP's tag for the current pornography craze in America.

The piece opens with prehistoric man's cry for help. Technology replies, "I'll be there to heal their sorrow, to beg and borrow. Fight tomorrow." An ominous reply indicating how far technology might be taken by man and vice versa. An organ, bass, and a drum break leads into "The Show" as the carny for the Karn Evil welcomes us to wierd exhibits such as "Bishops' heads in signals. jars" and other spectacles of a religious or sexual nature. Another excellent instrumental break including a fine guitar keyboard tradeoff briefly interrupts the pitch before a programmed rhythm, beat on the synthesizer backed by tambourine, fades, ending side one

The synthesizer fades back in as side two begins and we are welcomed back to the show that is quaranteed to "blow our heads apart." The first impression continues with fine guitar, keyboards, and

The second impression is com-Ever since Keith Emerson's days pletely instrumental with emphasis

son's church organ and Greg Lake's three impressions and is probably The second impression ends on the vocals begin the piece as Carl the best work the group has yet upbeat with a jazzy Dave Brubecklike piano figure that old Keith Emerson followers will find reminis-

> Karn Evil 9" climaxes in the third impression. A synthesized trumpet beckons forth like a battle call. Lake's lyrics deal with fear in man and how it leads to death in war. Emerson adds vocals that are fed through the Moog that are similar to Hal's warnings in 2001. Man has chosen the computers to be the guardians of a "new clear dawn." The doomsday machines carry out their inventors' destructive nature in the instrumental that follows the computer's warning

Emerson's keyboards, Lake's bass, and Palmer's lightning fast drum rolls dramatically illustrate a nuclear holocaust. But wait, there is one survivor who claims victory. The computer answers the man's cries of joy with the claim that it allowed the man to live. A crescendo builds as the computer claims its perfection. To demonstrate, the programmed synthesizer emits a series of sounds that gain in speed and intensity switching from one channel to the other. Suddenly there is a cutoff symbolizing the computer

Brain Salad Surgery was the largest selling album in New York over Christmas. This LP might be as far as this band can go. Keith Emerson might be ready to move on to bigger and better projects. As far as the immediate future is concerned, solo albums from each member of ELP are due out by spring. To top Brain Salad Surgery both on vinyl and on stage, ELP have their work cut out for themselves, but then again they are

Unclassified Ads

Auditions for the GWU Dance Company will be held Jan 24 at 5:30 p/m. and Jan 25 at 10:00 a.m., Bldg. J, 2131 G St., N.W.(rear). All interested are invited to attend. 676-6284

Dual 1218 turntable for sale, Also, Beuscher trumpet with case. Call 333-5426.

There will be a meeting of Psi Chi, The National Honor Society of Psychology, on Mon, Jan 21 at 7:30 p.m. in the Fifth Floor Lounge of Marvin Center, open to members of Psi Chi and those candidates nominated

Abortion, Birth Control info & referral-no fee. Up to 24 weeks. General anesthesia Vasectomy, tubal ligation also available Free pregnancy test. Call PCS, non-profit, 202-298-7995.

Inter-Varsity Christian Fellowship, a co-ed Bldg. O lounge. All are welcome.

The deadline for submitting 1974-75 financial graduates. All students must reapply each year. Applications and information are available in the Financial Aid Office, Rice Hall, 3rd floor.

See Threepenny Opera at the Marvin Theater Feb. 4-10 8:00. Matinee Feb. 9 2:00. For reservations call 676-6178. Box office opens

Jewish Free University registration: Jan 27, 2-5p.m.; Jan 28, 10-4p.m. Start learning Jan 28. Registration and classes at HILLEL G.W. 2129 F St. N.W. For info call 338-4747.

Martha's Marathon needs your help. Come to a meeting tonight in Marvin Center, Room 415 at 8:00 p.m.

Women's Crew Practice: Begins Mon., Jan 21, 7a.m., Women's Gym held Mon., Wed., & Friday. Newcomers welcome.

Petitioning for a position on the Marvin Center Governing Board. Info. & petitions available, second floor office. Deadline: Jan. 23 5;00 p.m.

No. Arl—1 or 2 girls, bus at door, Itd. kitchen facilities, faundry. Bedrooms in rec. room area, pvt. bath & entrance. 525-5046 after 6:00.

Professional Women's group trained leaders will direct a group being formed for graduate, law, and medical students. Emphasis on meeting by Jan 28, and continue throughout the semester. Sessions will be held on GW campus. If interested call 223-1229 or

A big thank you to E. Lakin Phillips, the best boss this girl ever had, and the wonderful staff at the Counseling Center for the party, the lunch, the girts and everything. Polly

GW College Young Democrats meeting Wednesday, Jan 23 at 9:00 p.m. in Center

Auditions for the GWU Dance Company will be held Jan 24 at 5:30 p.m. and Jan 25 at 10:00 a.m., Bldg. J. 2131 G St., N.W.(rear).

Palmer adds bells and tympani. By the third verse Emerson's synthesizer work has taken the spotlight. Bass, organ, synthesizer, and drums crash in a loud crescendo that fades

with the Nice he has been fascinated placed upon Emerson's piano. A with the theme of the evolution of fugue moves into a Jamaican the arts (fans of the Nice will calypso beat as Emerson synthesizes remember "Ars Longa Vita Brev- a steel drum effect. This quickly is"). "Karn Evil 9" which takes up quiets down into a slow piano solo the last third of side one and all of with wierd percussion effects that side two, is ELP's analysis of the again bring about a sense of fear evolution of man, creativity, and and foreboding. This heavy mood,

The Sting: Even the Audience Gets Conned

by Mark Schleifstein

Being rather frugal with my money these days, I don't like to waste it on losers in the form of movies. The movie industry, with its move away from big budgets and major studios, has produced some real losers during the past few years to put me into that habit.

It came as a pleasant surprise, therefore, to see The Sting and to be entertained by an excellent movie, and at critic's prices, to boot.

I was rather skeptical about seeing The Sting because I'm one of those who believe that the Robert Redford-Paul Newman team could never be as good as it was in Butch Cassidy and the Sundance Kid. Who can blame me?

The Sting is a story of two con artists who take on the "Big Con." In this case, it's a racketeer who has had Redford's partner killed. Redford goes to find Newman, who is supposed to teach him everything he knows about the "Big Con."

The story is set during the Depression, and it really looks like the Depression.

The opening photography hurts your eyes, but effectively breaks your links with the present and transports you into the past. The cinematography is reminiscent of Depression photography by Doro-smiled or sneered, depending on clear around the block.

thea Lange: back alleys full of trash, bums who look like bums, and streets and automobiles that fit the

Putting Redford and Newman into this setting only ices the cake. They team up perfectly, and carry off the same relationship that made them so effective in Butch Cassidy.

Then there is the con. There are little cons and big cons in this movie, but perhaps the biggest of all is the one that is pulled on the audience, for the whole movie is a big confidence game. It teases you and leads you along. It makes you believe one thing about a character, while picking your mind, and in the end you'll love it for that.

One of the nice things about The Sting is the little surprises it contains. For example, Edith Head does the costume designing. As susal, this is not only original but fits the story exactly, whether it's the spiffy clothes Redford and Newman wear when they're up, or the rags they wear when they're down. Each style not only fits the person wearing it, but puts that person more in touch with the time in which he

During the Thirties many films opened with portrait shots of each member of the cast. The actor either

whether he was a good guy or a bad guy. The Sting uses this tool, as well as others to bring the viewer into the Thirties-to be part of the film.

Above everything else, The Sting is entertaining. It is a throwback to the time when movies were made to entertain. What with the coming to town of The Exorcist, with its horror, and film patrons fainting and becoming ill, it is good to know that at least someone is making movies for a person to enjoy.

Maybe the reason that The Sting is so effective is that audiences are tired of going into a movie with the idea that they either have to get sick watching it or they have to leave the theater feeling that their social consciousness has been elevated. I, for one, am glad that there's one movie in town that I can walk out of feeling happy.

Perhaps the best judge of a film is really its audience, and, for me, that's where the greatest surprise of all was. Both the screening before the one I went to and the one I attended ended in spontaneous bursts of applause. And, if that weren't enough, the line waiting for the following showing stretched

the running again for Oscars—go otherwise you won't get a seat.

So don't take my word that *The* see for yourself. But let me give you Sting is the best movie of the year or some advice—pick up your tickets that Redford and Newman will be in in advance and get there early,

Comedy by Committee

by Kim-Andrew Elliott

Last Wednesday night I was in a particularly nasty mood. My only desire was to be obnoxious. Fortunately, that evening I was afforded the opportunity to report on the performance of the Committee at the Cellar Door — bitching about their act would be a perfect release for my pent-up

The Committee is an improvisatory theatre group from San Francisco, specializing in satirical sketches. They have been seen often on television, and I remembered their acts as being somewhat funny but not outstanding. vowed to be mean to them.

Walking from GW to the Cellar Door, I kicked small dogs, stomped at the pigeons, and tripped an elderly gentleman hobbling eastward from the corner of M and 31st. But my main thoughts were on destroying this group of entertainers with my venomous pen.

The show began, and the Committee opened with their street theatre armed robbery act—this has been on television several times. If this evening were to be a rehashing of old video treats, then the review would be like shooting fish in a barrel.

Wrong. It took only a few minutes for me to realize that the night's fare would not be seen on national television in this decade. Proof of this was the second skit which included the line, "If you get to come twice, then I get to

The presentation consisted of 18 sketches of various lengths on various topics. The parodies ranged in subject from sex to television commericals to Richard Nixon. The Committee demonstrated competence in all of these

Their true talent was verified when the audience was challenged to suggest an opening line, a closing line, and an acting style for an impromptu act. The Cellar Door patrons delivered "Hey, mister, I went to the zoo today" for the opener and, in accordance to the political preoccupations of the audience members, the closing line was "Rose Mary, play it again." This formidable task was assigned to be done in the Shakespearean style.

Now I defy the most creative talents to conjure a work of comedy from the raw materials provided above, even when allowed a month of intensive rumination. The two Committeemen who performed this one were able to turn a hopeless situation into gold-God knows how.

For those with a taste for tastelessness, there was a television commercial about "passing wind" and a short act about a blind date with a girl who was really blind. Although material such as this would usually be offensive, the Committee maneuvered these subjects into first-rate humor.

One of my favorites was some fun with semantics-a husband and wife having an argument modified by the fact that each utterance was a noun phrase describing each person's actions in the course of the conflict. Confused? It is something that has to be seen to be appreciated.

The Committee's present tour in the East is to publicize their new album Wide Wide World of War. No doubt one of their LP's would be very funny, but the Committee's vital visual dimension would be absent. And on the Tonight Show the visual element is there, but their lack of inhibition is not. To be sure, the Committee is best appreciated on stage, where they can say what they want to say (and what everyone else wants them to say) and where they can utilize their mastery of gestures (such as grabbing crotches). The convivial setting of the Cellar Door was especially well suited for this.

While trekking back to Foggy Bottom after the show, I was still in a very poor disposition. The Committee was very good and I was denied an opportunity to write them into show business oblivion. I scowled at the balloon vender, I threw stones at the Metrobuses, and I again tripped the eastward-bound elderly gentleman who by this time had made it to M and

Toe Tapping Saves Trite Script

by Hank Hildebrand

Ah the time of shieks and Shebas! Those quick stepping years of the glorious Twenties, when the world spun to Rudolph Valentino and Rudy Valle, have become the focal point of a nostalgic revival in the theatre. The legendary heroes and villains vied for recognition with the entertainment kings of days gone by. Sam Harris and Flo Zeigfeld kept the country entertained as it spun on in an endless drive for new and exciting pleasures.

From this void of music and drama grew a delightful kind of play. More toe tapping than mind prodding, the musical comedy of the day became a national diversion: always popular, but never long-lived.

From this day, theatrical legends arose, not the least of which was the mighty brother team of George and Ira Gershwin. To a theatre-minded public today, the name Gershwin is synonymous with greatness, bringing to mind such works as Of Thee I Sing and Porgy and Bess. Consequently, when the name of Gershwin is brought together with the Twenties, anticipation is high to experience some of those exciting pleasures of a half a century ago.

Such was the case when George and Ira Gershwin's 1927 musical, Funny Face came to town from Buffalo and stayed at the Ford's Theatre. With such great songs as "S'wonderful" and "The Babbit and the Bromide," it just had to be tremendous. Unfortunately, Funny Face was less of a bright, crackling, entertaining work, and came off more like a soggy saltine. True to form, reality is not match for legend.

Perhaps the great weakness of the play was the book, and that falls not into the laps of the Gershwin brothers, but into a couple of writers (and I use the term loosely) named Fred Thompson and Paul Gerard Smith. The puns were bad, and the situation was almost acceptable (I did say almost).

The plot centers on a young lady

(Susan Watson) who has a crush on a young aviator (Ronald Young), but this is overshadowed by her true devotion to a mysterious radio crooner. Her guardian (Anthony Teague) has fallen for his young ward, and though he is engaged to a delightfully wicked socialite (Susan Campbell), he struggles to get recognition from his charge.

True "action" comes into play when the guardian confiscates his ward's diary (horrors!) and she enlists the aid of her Lucky Lindy to recover it. Throughout this seeming madhouse, two lovable criminals (Pat Lysinger and Tony Tanner) struggle to pull off one last caper (any bets that when they break into the safe they don't get the jewels, but instead that scandalous key to a young girl's heart?).

Into this trite situation, however, there are numerous spots for the actors to break into a Gershwin song, and move to a little toe tapping dance music. It is here that the play is the strongest. If you can forget the foibles of a missing diary, the choreography is almost exciting, and the songs are delightful. Before too long, you begin to hope for the dances to come along and provide some relief for the dialogue.

Watson, well known as the recreator of the title role in No. No. Nanette, does a fairly good job handling the same type of role in Funny Face, and her songs and were as good as anticipated. Teague, a former tough from the film version of West Side Story, still carries with him the aura of the switchblade, making it hard to believe that his motives with his ward are all that innocent. The best singing voice was Young's, who also contributed in a fine way to the

For comedy of the broadest kind, Tanner and Lysinger (you may remember her as a hefty redhead on the Bob Newhart Show) displayed

an ability that no one else in the cast seemed to possess-an ability to judge and use the audience that they were dealing with. Because of this, they became endearing to the audience. A big surprise from this duo was Lysinger's fine singing

Funny Face is a diversion, and perhaps not as diverting as it once was. The production, badly staged, and sloppily directed, still has an ability to do this much. It just can't do it as well as I would have liked it

For one, the chorus was much too small to give the sparkle of unkon tap dancing that was such a hallmark of the Twenties and Thirties, and the set was poorly designed for making maximum use of the stage area. Despite these problems, the musical numbers did manage to make the production worthwhile.

Discover Atlantis!

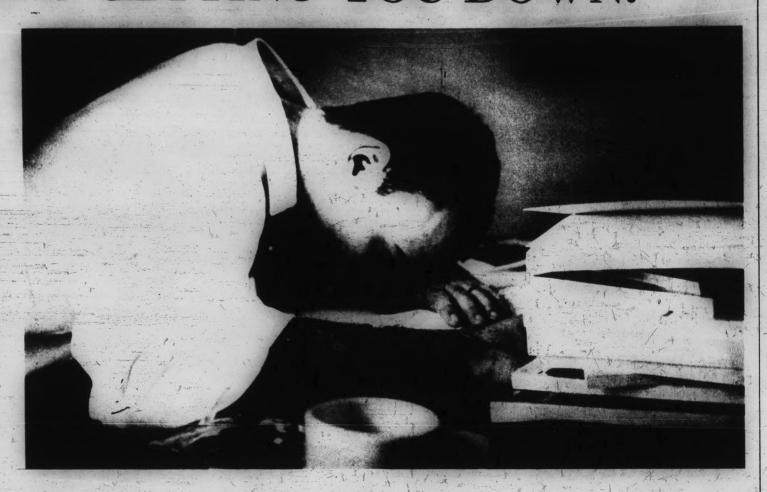
Welcome to the mysterious continent of fine audio components—people have been seeking us for centuries. Now we've arrived, with the best sales and service in nearly 2500 years.

Read our brochure available on campus and uncover the secrets of sound. Better yet , seek us out-Discover Atlantis!

> **Atlantis Sound** [Formerly Audio Specialists] 1742 Wisconsin Ave., N.W. Georgetown Tele: 965-1256

READING GETTING YOU DOWN?

We teach you **Reading Skills** that are guaranteed to at least triple your reading rate, improve your comprehension.



The Evelyn Wood Reading Dynamics Institute

invites you to a free demonstration of this internationally famous method. You will see an amazing documented film about Reading Dynamics and learn how it can help you to faster reading and understanding.

OVER 500,000 GRADUATES READ AN AVERAGE OF 4.7 TIMES FASTER with equal or better comprehension!

In the 22 years since Mrs. Wood made the startling discovery that led to the development of her unique method, over 500,000 people have taken this course. These are people with different educations, different IQ's . . . students, business men, housewives. All of them-even the slowest-now read an average novel-in less than 2 hours. You can, too. We guarantee it.

Acclaimed by public figures
In 1962, the late President Kennedy invited Mrs.
Wood to the White House where she taught the course, at his request, to members of The Cabinet and the White House Staff.

Senator Herman E. Talmadge, Georgia: "In my opinion, if these reading techniques were instituted in the public and private schools of our country, it would be the greatest single step we could take in educational progress.

Senator William Proxmire, Wisconsin: "I must say that this is one of the most useful educational experiences I have ever had. It certainly compares favorably with the experiences I've had at Yale and Harvard." Harvard.

So revolutionary—It made news!
Results have been reported in newspapers, Time,
Newsweek, Business Week and Esquire. Demon-Paar, Garry Moore and Art Linkletter.

How is this different from other courses? Conventional rapid reading courses try for 450-600 words per minute. Most Reading Dynamics graduates can read 1,000-3,000 words per minute. Yet our students don't skip or skim. You read every single word. No machines are used. You use your hand as a pacer. And you will actually understand more, remember more and enjoy more of what you

> YOU MUST IMPROVE OR YOUR MONEY BACK

We guarantee to increase the reading efficiency of each student AT LEAST 3 times with good comprehension. We will refund the entire tuition to any student who, after completing minimum class and study requirements, does not at least triple his reading efficiency as measured by standardized testing.

COME AND SEE A FREE DEMONSTRATION OF THIS AMAZING NEW METHOD THAT IS GUARANTEED TO TRIPLE YOUR READING SPEED WITH GOOD COMPREHENSION!

Today - Jan. 21 12 noon, 3 pm and 8 pm

Tuesday - Jan. 22

12 noon, 3 pm and 8 pm

Thursday - Jan. 24

12 noon, 3 pm and 8 pm

Concordia United Church **Basement Entrance** 20th and G Streets (across from campus)

Buff Put it Back Together,

by Drew Trachtenberg Sports Editor

The schizophrenic Colonials let their fans glimpse at a personality they had kept in hiding most of the season as they upset Virginia on Saturday afternoon, 73-67.

The Buff, recently appearing shy and unconcerned, played more aggressively than ever before in an effort to regain some lost pride after dropping six of the their last eight contests, some in humiliating fash-

The Dr. Jekyl and Mr. Hyde team of collegiate basketball, led by the mad doctor, Carl Slone, put forth a ten man effort with everyone contributing in the team's best performance of the year.

Slone, who had been unnerved by the squad's recent showing, initiated

a shake-up in the Colonials starting second half, outrebounded the line-up, inserting rarely used subs Cavaliers 46-33, but the big line-up, inserting rarely used subs Ned Riddile and Jim McCloskey. They helped set the tone for the Colonial resurgence, showing ag-gressiveness and desire that had been lacking by the team's other personalities

Their play, though limited, carried over to the rest of the team. Clyde Burwell jumped and played defense like his old intimidating self; Haviland Harper rebounded and hustled; Tom Rosepink played and so well, in fact, that he earned himself a probable start against Niagara tomorrow night; and guards Keith Morris and John Holloran led the team in scoring and set the tempo of the game.

The Colonials shot 50 per cent on the afternoon, 65 per cent in the

difference was the team's attitude. For one of the few times this year GW played as though they really

inside and take the good percentage baseline to the Cavaliers.

For the first time this season the

running of the offense than in the Defensively, the two giants bottled past, enabling the Buff to score up the lane and closed off the

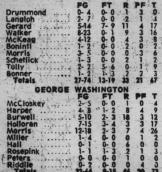
GW played a harrassing 3-2 zone most of the game, forcing Virginia There was more movement in the Colonials "big" team, with Burwell into bad shots and numerous turnovers.

The Colonials also fell victim to the turnover, committing 30, mostly against Virginia's full court trap

But the ballhandling and stabilizing efforts of Morris beat the press often enough to make the afternoon good enough for Slone to "I just couldn't be exclaim, happier.'

Everyone spent a considerable amount of time on the floor in a horizontal position scrapping for loose balls. This, combined with strong rebounding by the frontcourters, allowed the Buff to unleash their potent fast break which had been lost in recent weeks.

Saturday's victory evens the Colonials record at 7-7, and now the schedule toughens. What the rest of the season holds, however, depends upon which of GW's teams decides to take the court.



Hatchet MVP's

JV: Don Bate

Keith Morris Clyde Burwell

King's Crowns Matmen

The GW wrestling team suffered another defeat, this time at the hands of

King's College 43-9 in a match held Saturday.

Mark Segal and Pete Duffy accounted for all of the Colonials points as Segel won by way of a first period pin while Duffy captured his match via a

As usual manpower was a problem for the Buff as they forfeited four

Coach Mark Furlane said that his team is starting to round into shape after a long winter break. With the tougher part of the schedule in front o them it appears that the Buff have a hard climb ahead of them.

The teams next match is Tuesday at 4 p.m. in the men's gym when the Saturday's upset victory over Virginia. [Photo by Drew Trachtenberg] grapplers host George Mason.

Clyde Burwell, shown here against St. Mary's, dominated the backboards in

Colonial JV Bow

Hustle Marks GW's Play

by Doug Davin **Asst. Sports Editor**

The Baby Buff turned in an inspired performance against Virginia for new coach Lenny Baltimore, but still were unable to overcome a second half spurt by the Cavaliers and came up on the short end of an 85-71 decision on Saturday.

Baltimore will be filling in for Tom Schneider who will be traveling around the country recruiting new ballplayers and scouting the Buff's future opponents.

While they came up short on the score, the Baby Buff came up long in hustle and desire as they came out scrapping and outhustling the taller and stronger Cavs. The GW hustle was most evident in the play of the big men, Jon Van Dorn and Don Bate, both of whom spent a great deal of time on the floor diving after loose balls.

Van Dorn was exceptionally aggressive as he pulled down 10 rebounds and became an imposing obstacle on defense, swatting away several Cav shots.

Bate matched Van Dorn in rebounds and also put on a fine shooting display, hitting nine of 14 ending up with 19 points.

The generator behind all the GW hustle was guard Rich Waldron who ignited the team scoring 12 points, collecting six rebounds and handing out six assists.

As a result of their hustle GW went into the dressing room at halftime down by only three, 34-31.

In the opening minutes of the second half the Cavs took advantage

of their height and strength, Mark Newlen's 22. pounding the offensive boards to increase their lead to 12.

led by Ned Tiley's 23 points and

Led by the outside shooting of Joel Olenik and Bate on the inside, The Cavs never cooled off after the Buff battled back to within six that, connecting on 60 per cent of as they scrapped their patterned their second half shots. They were offense and began more freelancing.

Why should anvone 960

Why study for the priesthood? Why be part of a dying institution? Why commit yourself to celibacy? Indeed, why get closer to misery in a world that is already miserable enough?

There aren't any easy answers to these questionseven for a Paulist. But he knows that today's world desperately needs people who are committed to ideals and beliefs. In our search for peace of mind and country, happiness, love and brotherhood, we are really seeking meaning—a reason for being.

The Paulist doesn't feel the world is dying; he rejoices in the signs of hope around him

and listens for the sounds of love. Men like the Paulists rekindle our spirits and their love for Him includes and embraces all of us.

Every Paulist is a missionary. Whether he is in the pulpit or the parish house, on campus or in ghettos . . . whether he communicates with the spoken word or the printed word, the Paulist is talking about what concerns him most: the love of Christ for all people.

If you are looking for answers, talk to us. Together we may find them. For more information about the Paulist PAULIST PAPERS—an exciting new kit of articles, posters and recordings about America's first religious community.

Write to: father Donald C. Campbell, Room 101

Fatners
415 West 59th St., New York, N.Y. 10019

Petitioning For A Position on the

Marvin Center Governing Board

Information & Petitions Available Second Floor Office

Deadline: Wednesday Jan. 23, 5:00 p.m.



David Levy

Editorials

Trouble Ahead

Unfortunately, the new budget forecasts a lot more than several years of tight financing. The need for a deficit is dismaying, and the fee increases are slightly alarming, but neither of these is unexpected. What will be a surprise, and rightly so, is how this University may look when the days of austere budgeting have passed. For if the present economic and enrollment trends continue and the administration follows their dictates, it is quite possible that in five or ten years GW will no longer have an undergraduate program.

This, of course, appears unlikely. With the thousands of undergraduate students at GW, the hundreds of professors and courses for undergraduates, the giant buildings, the programs, it all appears as if the process could not possibly stop. But this year, full-time undergraduate enrollment has decreased by 200 students. This drop is expected to repeat itself next year, and for each of the next three years, which is as far as the projections go, undergraduate enrollment is expected to drop 150 students.

The spiraling enrollment is largely responsible for the budgetary problems. The University is, in turn, forced to increase tuition to the degree that by 1977-78, the price of a full-time undergraduate year will be \$2800. Rising tuition alone is not responsible for the enrollment drops, but it is certainly not going to help.

But GW is in a better position than many universities because it has a graduate program twice as large as the undergraduate, and the graduate program does not seem to be fading. So the University has a way out in the dilemma of rising costs and shrinking income. President Elliott has made it obvious that GW will "follow the trend towards more and more graduate students and programs." He has stated that GW is "strongly situated," but "this doesn't mean that George Washington can look the same 10 years from now as it does now.'

We cannot help but interpret these statements as meaning that the GW undergraduate program is doomed. And who would debate a cold, solid economic argument? Who would go against the economic and enrollment trends when something as safe and strong as the GW graduate program could keep the University alive?

There is only one other consideration; with the loss of the undergraduate populace any trace of a community this school nearly every minute of it. My love for the place will still possesses would go. It is hard enough to preserve a community spirit with the Master Plan's idea of warmth, but there is still a community here and it is made up of undergraduates.

Most student organizations are on the undergraduate level. Most of whatever organized social life that exists is on the undergraduate level. Student involvement in administrative matters is primarily the result of undergraduate interest. In short, GW community spirit is due to undergraduates.

Fading out the undergraduate program would effectively destroy this spirit, and this would be a great loss to the University—so great that it might just be worth fighting some of the economic trends. The undergraduates at this University members are quite plainly branding add up to a lot more than just 5,000 tuition payments, and this addition is worth the major changes in policy that might keep the undergraduate program alive.

HATCHEN

- Anders Gyllenhaal

MANAGING EDITOR Carol Hodes **ARTS EDITOR Scott Bliss NEWS EDITORS** David Goldstein, Greg Simpkins **EDITORIAL PAGE EDITOR** Kim-Andrew Elliott

PRODUCTION MANAGER Dirck Holscher **BUSINESS MANAGER** Mark Leemon SPORTS EDITOR **Drew Trachtenberg** PHOTOGRAPHY EDITOR Mark Babushkin

PRODUCTION STAFF Vicki Anderson, Becky Clary, Karen Ens, Carol Goss, Holly Graham, Jon Higman, Maureen Kelly, Marilyn McMahon, Pam Mills, Ellen Welsh, Gerri Wurzburg.

Please, Less NY and NJ

There it was, there for all the world to see. The Seymour Alpert Report, better known as the GW Times, featured those once-anxious-now-broken-in-Freshmen on page one of their December issue. The article brought to light some rather sobering data.

First, the article points out, "Since 1970 the ercentage of accepted applicants who actually register has increased. And the College Board scores of the University's newest arrivals remain comfortably above the national median.

Music to the ear, but the facts are hardly meaningful as stated. While the registrant per acceptance ratio has improved, one suspects the University has been accepting a higher percentage of applicants to begin with. And while the Board scores are above average, it is entirely possible that said scores are slipping just the same. If the University had information to the contrary, it should have been published, if for no other reason than to allay the fears of a skeptical reading public.

The worst, however, was yet to come. Freshmen, it seems, number only 791. Transfer students account for another 584 sources of tuition dollars. But compare this with the fall of 1968. According to the College Handbook, 1,102 freshmen enrolled that year. There were approximately 800 transfers to boot. In short, the University has 500 fewer incoming undergraduates per innum than it did five years ago.

Enrollment is decreasing everywhere, but costs are not. Obviously, something has to be done, so various University offices have set in motion plans to deal with the crunch. This would include Joseph Y. Ruth and his admissions office. They have made it clear that they intend to overhaul much of the recruiting process

An admirable idea, but some of the methods to be implemented are not. Again, the GW Times: "... fewer trips will be made into the field. The emphasis will be changed from the number of miles traveled and schools visited to a more selective recruitment process. The concentration will be on schools where definite interest in GW has been expressed." Say it ain't so, Joe.

Such an approach can only serve to make the undergraduate student body less diverse, and yes, less interesting. One reason I chose GW over the "other" schools several miles uptown is because I regarded the students here as being from more varied backgrounds, some highly dissimilar in nature. If the new recruiting plan is implemented, we run the risk of making the student body homogenous to the point of being monolithic. We may well become much like the uptowners, more resembling a summer camp or a country club youth group than a major urban

I lived on Long Island for 14 years, and enjoyed continue undiminshed in spite of its deterioration. Just

Scarsoale Tenally Austyn Scarsdale Tenafly Roslyn ick Scarsdale Tenafly Posly Neck Scarsdale Tenarly Ros it Neck Scarsdale Tenafly I eat Neck Scarsdale Tenafly Great lieck Scarsdale Tenaf. Great Neck Scarsdale Tena ige Great Neck Scarsdale To ange Great Neck Scarsdale Orange Great Leck Scarsdal it Orange Great Neck Scarsd lest Orange Great Neck Scar West Orange Great Neck Sc. m West Orange Great Neck lyn West Orange Great Neck loslyn West Orange Great Ne Roslyn West Orange Great 1 v Roslyn West Orange Grea

the same, I'd rather not stroll through Thurston feeling as though I was in the lobby of Syosset High School.

The prospect is not that far-fetched. There were times last year when a member of Tenafly (N.J.) High School, class of '72, could look around the second floor center cafeteria and spot as many as ten members from his class around the room. The clincher comes when Nassau and Essex Counties set up community college branches on 20th and H.

Yes, admissions, we need more than an occasional provincial around here to spice things up. Imagine life without hearing someone say "gawd day-ahm" or "shee-it" once in a while. I shudder to think it could happen, but we run that risk if we continue on the newly stated course.

There are other ways to cope with the declining enrollment-rising cost dilemma, and these should be exploited. Overtapping sure-fire high schools is not the way. If we do that we'll be making anyone as far away as Ohio an object of curiosity. And as any good Easterner knows, if Ohioans are so difficult to understand in quantity, well, they'd be downright beyond comprehension as a rare commodity.

David Levy is a sophomore from Cleveland presently at work on his comic novel on the energy crisis. Oil

ETTERS TO THE EdiTOR

Scores Moves To Stall AUA

Well, it is certainly encouraging to know that paternalism is not dead on this campus. Certain faculty students as irresponsible decisionmakers, thereby placing this huge burden on themselves. So, recommendations are made by them to return the All University Assembly to the drawing board or re-establish student government.

Our resounding answer is NO! While some may view the AUA as hoping that any further study would insure AUA death.

Likewise, students reject any thought of return to student government. Four years ago, the students voted to abolish their formal voice because its only audience was the deaf ears of the Faculty and Administration, Surely,

an AUA will be implemented. Its tangible and intangible results would be extremely beneficial. If, however, the Faculty Senate and President Elliott choose to table AUA, and reinstate student government, I will be one of the first to initiate a new Abolition Party.

Bill Corcoran

Registration Suggestions

I read your registration articles, always hoping for improvement. At the University of Maryland and at containing defects, their magnitude American University I was able to is trivial in relation to the current pre-register. The schools got the governmental situation. Perhaps, money sooner and on registration this is realized by the purists but day the mob consisted of new students, people with problems, and of course the negligent ones who forgot to pre-register

It seems like a useful topic for a research paper for an M.B.A. or an Education Administration student.

How about a "mail-registration" desk? The packets would contain a mimeographed page on how to compute fees, and the students history would repeat itself. compute fees, and the students Many pray that this proposal of would be required to state alternate

classes or sections in case a course was filled. Students would complete the cards and get advisors signatures in normal office hours. All cards and the check can be mailed in. The "mail registration" desk would check the cards, see that the check is correct, pull the class cards. and if exerything is proper, sort into bins for distribution. If an alternate class had to be assigned, the student would be notified by mail. If something were incorrect, the student would be notified (using a multiple-choice, "check the box," postcard) to request his or her packet from the "mail registration" desk and process it during registra-

Couldn't the school plan room assignments better if approximate class sizes were known ahead of

Yvonne G. Trout

All items for publication must be typed, triple-space, on an 82 space line. Typewriters are available in the

Deadlines are 4 p.m. Tuesday for the Thursday issue and 4 p.m. Friday for the Monday issue.

Anne Chase

GW: Excellent Training for Bureaucracy

There were a lot of complaints in last week's Hatchet about the disorganization, frustration and duplication involved in registration. The editorial suggested that registration was actually a successful attempt at mass hypnosis. It was on the right track, but should have carried the reasoning one step further. Registration, and indeed most of what makes up your GW

"experience," is a training period to prepare you for a job as a GS4 peon in the federal bureaucracy.

After you have spent four years hassling with add and drop forms which require four different signatures of people that go underground the day after registration and don't emerge until after the deadline has passed, special fees for everything,

regulations as long as your arm about what you can and can't do in the dorms, and answers like "it's not in the catalogue" to every imaginable question, you don't have to go through a socialization period when

you get the only job available in Washington, GS 4 peon.

Once you've gone through that, you have learned not to ask embarrassing questions like "Why do you need 14 copies of that routing slip?" and "Why are 7 separate steps consuming at least three weeks necessary before these people can get their money?" You know the answer: "It's not in the catalogue," or "we can't do that," or "it's necessary to keep accurate records." You have gone past the hair-tearing stage into dumb acquiesence.

Early in my career at GW I noticed a curious phenomenon: people going from student to employee, like steps, as though they couldn't bear to tear themselves away from the place (for that matter, look at me. I graduated two years ago, and I'm still writing things for the Hatchet). I worked for

been having nightmares of the years before being given any world-wide depression. The govern-responsibility. ment will never run out of money. With the amount they take out of your paycheck, you are practically training you are receiving. Of course paying your own salary, and you are uniquely qualified for their jobs. ment is an ability to cope, sort of like going through a lifetime mental endurance course.

GW people have already had 4 years start in coping, coping with closed classes, nutty professors, and those byzantine course requirements that were developed to be gotten out of. At GW you learn to wait, wait to actually learn something in one of your courses, wait in line after line

much different from the govern- for everything, wait for non-existant ment-boring repetitive work and library books. This training comes supervisors who are sticklers for in very handy in the government where intelligent adults have told So console yourselves if you have me that they worked for from 6 to 19

So take a positive view of things. Think of all the valuable mental it is a bit disillusioning to realize that while you thought you were The key to staying in the govern- going to learn to think, you are actually getting the best course in peasant stoicism available in Washington.

One must consider all the angles of these questions, however. In my experience, it's the peasant stoics that get the jobs because their employers don't like bother. So it all

works out in the end.

Anne Chase is a recent GW

Mark Goldberg

I saw my friend Hoopnagle the other day. He's a third-year law student and he was very depressed. It seems that he had been reading the newspapers over his vacationhe usually doesn't have time for that sort of frivolity when he's attending law school-and he had discovered that the reputation of the legal profession has been besmirched by the involvement of so many lawyers

in the Watergate scandals.
"I'm worried," he told me in tones of deepest despair. I don't want to be presumed a shyster before I even have a chance to become one."

I suggested that perhaps the damage done to the image of the profession wasn't as bad as he

"Oh, it's bad all right," he said. "It's so bad that it wouldn't be

undone even if they put Perry Mason reruns back in prime time." "Well." I asked, "how about requiring that all law students pass a course in ethics before they receive their degrees?"

"It wouldn't work." Hoopnagle sighed. "People would just assume that any law student who passed the course cheated on the exams."

"Suppose every lawyer in the country had to make public his sources of income."

coffeehouse & bookshop

THE ROCK

19th & T. N.W., 332-4447

Jesus Christ is Lord of all.

Thousands of Topics \$2.75 per page

Send for your up-to-date, 160-page, mail order catalog. Enclose \$1.00 to cover postage (delivery time is

RESEARCH ASSISTANCE, INC. 11941 WILSHIRE BLVD., SUITE #2 LOS ANGELES, CALIF. 90025 (213) 477-8474 or 477-5493 Our research material is sold for research assistance only.

"Bite your tongue," he cried.

"What if the legal profession showed its indignation by disbarring all the lawyers who were implicated in the Watergate affair? Wouldn't that allay the public's suspicion?"
"Maybe, but that would never

happen. It would be tantamount to an admission that the legal profession is rife with corruption. But isn't it?"

He thought for a moment and then said, "We plead nolo conten-

GW one summer, and it's not that Thursday, January 24 Showings: 7 & 9 P.m. 75 cents **BALLROOM**, Marvin Center Tickets will go on sale at the Information Desk at 6 P.M. on Jan. 24



general contract cont LILI BARRY'S

BALLOTS

Red Lion

\$1.00—Choice of Jumbo Kosher Hot Dog. Kosher Salami, Liverwurst and mug of beer From 3 to 7 p.m. only

Special - Mon.-Fri. only

OPEN MON.-FRI. 11:30 a.m.-2:00 a.m.

OPEN SAT. & SUN. 6:00 p.m.-2:00 a.m.

PLASMA DONORS NEEDED Blood Types A or B

Earn up to \$80-\$130 a month

call for information

298-6960

Identification ANTIBODIES, INC.

Watch for Sales on Books Records **Novelties**

Regular Hours Mon. thru Thurs. 8:45 to 6:30 8:45 to 5:00

Josten

Ring Day Wed. Jan. 23

Hank May of Josten Will Be Here 10 to 6

Before You Get into Studies Too Deep Read a New Book

Best Sellers in Paper Back and Hard Bound

Get Started Right Get Study Aids

Arco-Plaid-Schaums-C.O.S.-Monarch Barrons-Gilberts-Nutshell-Quick Charts

Dictionaries—Hard Back and Paper English-Spanish-French-German-Italian-Chinese-Arabic-Russian

Book Store Open Saturdays Jan. 26 and Feb. 2

Get the

An Open Letter

TO: THE TRUSTEES OF THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY PRESIDENT LLOYD H. ELLIOTT THE FACULTY

The Task Force for Staff Representation* asks your support in establishing a University Senate at The George Washington University. While a university is generally viewed in terms of its "faculty" and "students," it should be emphasized that the "non-academic staff" of a university remains an essential and important part of it, not only by reason of size, but by reason of the many vital services it provides to the university. The non-academic staff at GW numbers approximately 3,300 and performs daily those services indispensable to the operation of the University at large and is, of necessity, an integral part of it.

The response of the non-academic staff at GW to the proposed University Senate strongly supports implementation of such a plan for it would give proper recognition to a major body, now unrepresented, of the University Community. Further, it is the consensus of opinion of non-academic staff at GW that if the governing body of the University is to serve the best interests of the entire University Community, then it must be truly representative of the entire University Community; the proposed University Senate would provide this representation.

TASK FORCE FOR STAFF REPRESENTATION*

Members:

Jeffrey Roames, Chairman Mary Ellen Coffey Harold Gates Ethel Green Ronald W. Howard Helen S. Land Claire Rescher Doris Trone Margaret L. Vann

^{*} includes all non-academic personnel in the entire University Community, including the Medical Center